

**GOOD TENANTS**  
Are to be had for the ad-  
vertising!

# THE MARION DAILY MIRROR.

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MARION, OHIO, MONDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1910.

PRICE TWO CENTS

## HIT GRAFT WITH YOUR BALLOT

### PUT TO ROUT THE SCOUNDRELS WHO HAVE LOOTED THE STATE!

## GOVERNOR HARMON HAS MADE GOOD.

As Defender of the People's Rights And Guardian of the Public Property in the State Capitol

NOW, IT IS THE PEOPLE'S TIME

And The Hour, To Strike a Blow For Honest Government In Ohio Which Will Resound

From the Lake to The River By Standing by One of The Best Governors They Have Ever Had.

Electors Must Do Their Duty With the Ballot and Back up Their Splendid Leader In His Warfare on Corruption And Looting of the Public Treasury.

Make Good Tomorrow.

Columbus, O., Nov. 7.—Remember this when you go into the booth to mark your ballot: Governor Harmon has made good.

Will you make good by voting to keep Governor Harmon on the job of state house cleaning two years longer, and give him the assistance of the rest of the candidates on his ticket and a legislature with a Democratic majority in both branches in place of the present Republican legislature which did all in its power to hinder instead of help?

The attempt to shield and excuse G. O. P. graft put forth by Mr. Harding and his campaign promoters with countercharges faked up against Democrats for campaign purposes is sufficient indication that if Harding and his ticket are elected the 16 graft indictments pending and suits for a quarter of a million and claims for a quarter of a million more will be hushed up and abandoned as quickly as possible after the change of administration.

If you want the house cleaning begun by Governor Harmon to go on until it is finished, vote for him and his ticket, and vote for the Democratic candidates for Representative and state senator in this county and senatorial district.

Eleventh Hour Roarback.

Sure enough that second so-called anti-Bryan circular, signed "Milton Shaeffer, Canton, O., a Bryan Democrat," was sent broadcast as an eleventh hour roarback. The Ohio State Journal had it exploited on its first page in Saturday's issue. And all the while, Shaeffer is known at Canton as a Socialist.

Great campaign thunder that for a G. O. P. candidate like Harding and the rest of his Cox-made ticket. There is not a Bryan Democrat in Ohio who will be fooled by such a contemptible piece of political trickery.

Harding Played Double.

You recall that old rhyme about the little girl with a little curl in the middle of her forehead; when she was good she was very, very good, but when she was bad she was horrid. That was the way it was with Harding when he got to Cincinnati and made a bid for the "liberal" vote by putting into his speech a paragraph about home rule and personal liberty that was dictated to him by a stenographer at the Sinton hotel in the presence of Rud Hynicka, one of Cox's chief lieutenants.

Governor Harmon fittingly portrayed Mr. Harding's double-shuffling when he said the day after in a speech at East Liverpool, "when Mr. Harding was in a wet county he was wet; when he was in a dry county he was dry; when he was in a county that is neither wet nor very dry he is on the fence."

How can the liberal or the temperance voter have any respect for Mr. Harding or place any confidence in him whatever after his hypocritical speech at Cincinnati?

Why didn't President Taft send Ballinger along with the other trust lawyers in his cabinet to make campaign speeches in Ohio at the close of the campaign? Isn't Ballinger as good as the rest? Are the rest any better than Ballinger? President Taft surely must think a lot of Ballinger that he could not spare him long enough to make a speech or two in Ohio.

Stupid G. O. P. Blunders.

Mr. Harding's campaign managers flooded the state with scurrilous documents in an effort to inflame Mr. Bryan's friends in Ohio against Governor Harmon. There were all kinds of false and malicious misstatements in these circulars, and preposterous charges that Harmon had been disloyal to Bryan, for whom the Republican bosses in Ohio suddenly acquired an intense admiration.

Then, to top it off, President Taft sent into Ohio at the close of the campaign his secretary of treasury, Mac-Voagh, a Democrat who actually did desert Bryan.

What stupid campaign tactics—anti-Bryan circulars floated by Mr. Harding's campaign boosters and speeches at the close of the campaign by the anti-Bryan Democrat in President Taft's cabinet. Every Bryan Democrat in Ohio will take pleasure in voting for governor

Harmon for two reasons: First, because he deserves their faithful support; second, to rebuke Mr. Harding's campaign managers for the insulting anti-Bryan circulars and as a proper response to the campaign speeches of the anti-Bryan Democrat in Taft's cabinet.

Sounds So Similar. "Graft charges declared fizzle," and "failure of Markler to make his case," and "none of the nine charges of canal graft preferred by Chief Engineer Markler of the state board of public works, which had been investigated during the two weeks' hearing have been sustained," says a Republican paper.

Of course, of course! Same kind of talk we heard in the campaign two years ago about graft charges that were pointed out then.

Easy to see why such claims are made this year. And if Harding and his ticket win out Tuesday you can bet on it that Chief Engineer Markler's charges will not only be declared a fizzle, but will be hushed up and abandoned just as soon as the 1911 state house ring regains possession of the capitol.

Is that what you want? That is what you will vote for if you vote for Harding and his associates on the G. O. P. state ticket.

Are You Being Fooled?

The Republican committee thinks it has been cleverly fooling you all along about Dick by keeping silent on his candidacy and making no announcements of his speaking engagements.

But Dick has been on the stump all the time. Tuesday, October 25, he was in Columbus accompanied by his private secretary and had a conference with State Chairman Laylin of the Republican committee after which, according to newspaper reports at the time, Dick declined to make any comment about Garfield's opposition to his candidacy. "He said he did not want to say anything that would cause further discord in the party," according to one paper, but "after the election he might have something to say."

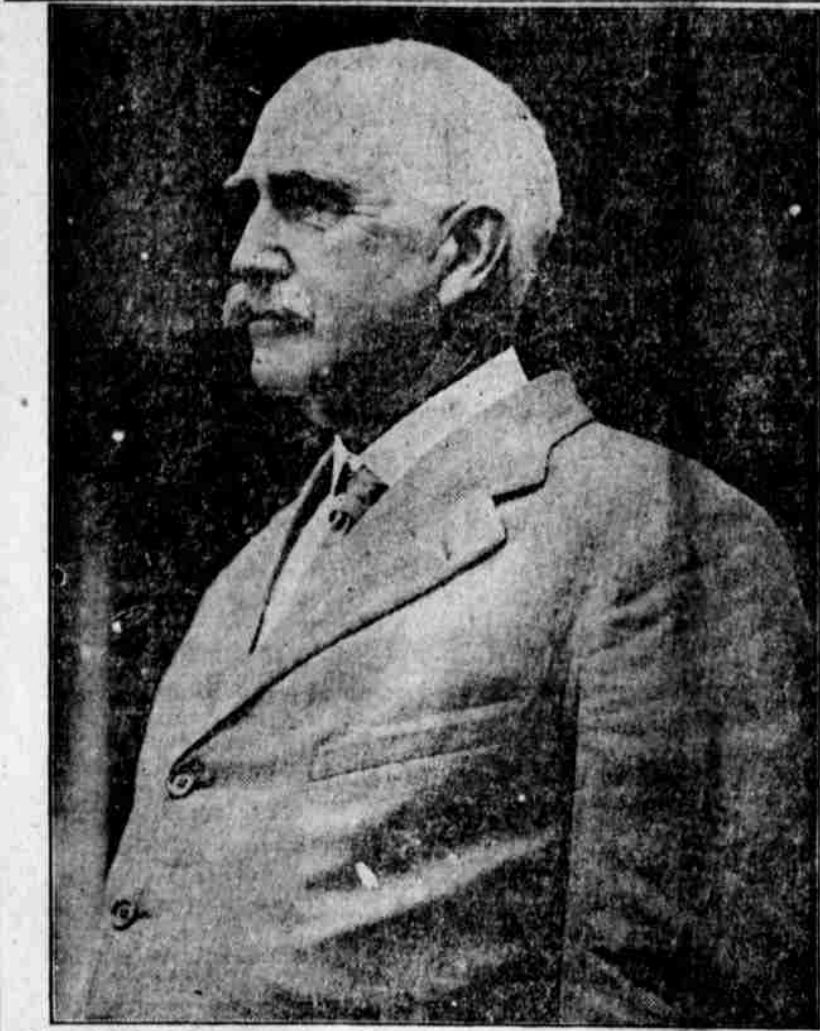
But he won't say it if you help to elect a legislature with a Democratic majority in the house and in the senate, which is the only sure way to defeat Dick.

You know very well what he will have to say after election, if a Republican house and senate are elected.

A Monumental Blunder.

When Harding was first mentioned as a probable candidate for the Republican nomination for governor, Editor I. F. Mack said in his paper, the Sandusky Register (Rep.) March 16, 1909: "It is well enough to be forewarned against breakers and the thoughtful Republican can hear breakers ahead for 1910 if the Republicans commit blunders, and the nomination of Harding would be a monumental blunder."

HARDING ROASTED ROOSEVELT. While Theodore Roosevelt was sweeping across northern Ohio Saturday afternoon the Roosevelt Republicans of Ohio were probably thinking of that editorial in Mr. Harding's paper, the Marion Daily Star, of Dec. 5, 1907, denouncing President Roosevelt as follows: "Of course we are a little disappointed that Theodore Roosevelt would harter offices for delegates or endorsements, for he denounced a pedestal of great virtue and made us think for awhile that he was better than the others. So that idol was shattered when we caught him with the goods, so to speak. We found postoffice and other jobs bartered right here in Ohio to persuade politicians to promote his preference, and still there is no great revolt at that. But when the president proposes to use the influence of his great office and invoke the potentiality of a presidential utterance to name his successor, there is a rebellion widespread. It is the big thing in the campaign for the Republican nomination. A president naming his own successor would only be another form of the divine rights of kings. In monarchies rulers are selected in the favor of birth. When presidents of a republic come to name their own successors the preference of birth will be super-



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**THE HON. JUDSON HARMON, GOVERNOR OF OHIO  
FORECASTED FOR RE-ELECTION  
TOMORROW BY A BIG PLURALITY**

sed by the abuse of power; nothing more and nothing less. If President Roosevelt is to name his own successor the one he names can, in turn, name his successor and the presidential line of succession will have been established and the people who have been sovereigns in this modern republic may take to the tail timber."

What is to prevent the Roosevelt Republicans of Ohio taking to the tail timber instead of voting for Harding for governor.

ROOSEVELT DIDN'T QUOTE HARDING.

In none of his Ohio speeches Saturday did Roosevelt quote from the editorials of the Marion Star, Mr. Harding's paper, relating to his administration as president.

Mr. Harding did not hesitate to hold President Roosevelt responsible for the panic of 1907. In the Marion Star of January 18, 1908 appeared a long editorial in which Mr. Harding bluntly said: "Our own conviction is that the industrial depression in the country today had its beginning in the too radical policy of the administration at Washington. We felt the wheels slowing down in Marion ten months ago, long before there was a suggestion of the financial crash."

Mr. Harding has never retracted this statement, either in his paper or in any of his political speeches.

HARDING PRAISED CANNON.

Praising Speaker Cannon for his arbitrating control of congress, Mr. Harding said in his paper, December 4, 1909, less than a year ago, "much of the talk about the speaker's arbitrary powers is claptrap." At another time, approving Speaker Cannon's assertion of the right of the stand-pat majority to rule over Democrats and insurgent Republicans, Mr. Harding said in his paper "right you are, Uncle Joe, and it is one of the most highly centralized and perfectly unified majorities that ever came down the legislative thoroughfare."

And a stand-patter who can say such things of Cannon expects progressive Republicans to vote for him for governor of Ohio.

After declaring that he would not stoop to mud-slinging and that if any mud was thrown in this campaign Governor Harmon would have to throw it Mr. Harding started in throwing mud with both hands and has kept it up ever since. The tax dodging and rebate charges in connection with the C. H. & D. was the last batch of mud mixed up for Mr. Harding to throw, and business men all over Ohio are laughing at the clumsy manner in which Mr. Harding succeeded only in bespattering himself.

HE THREW DOWN HIS FRIENDS.

After Harding declared editorially in his paper, the Marion Star, Nov. 30, 1907, against the "presidential dictation" that made Taft a candidate for president and that "to this program conceived in opposition or elimination, Senator Foraker and his friends will not submit"; and after declaring in his paper Nov. 23, 1907, that

"we have felt some of the inquiries made into the Taft band wagon" and "the band wagon never interested" and that "at any rate the Taft band wagon will never leave the national convention leading the procession," Mr. Harding "submitted" and said in an editorial in his paper January 22, 1908, shortly before the Republican primaries, "Foraker is defeated and Ohio is for Taft," that "this is not a band wagon climb," that Senator Foraker may keep up a semblance of a fight for district delegate and that "the policy of attempting to impair the Taft candidacy when his own is a hopeless one, will not enlist the support of any rate, that counts in politics."

Mr. Harding of course expects a different kind of support from the Foraker Republicans tomorrow.

He has been disloyal to Foraker, disloyal to Taft, disloyal to Roosevelt, and yet expects the votes of the loyal friends of all three of these prominent Republicans.

ALL ALIKE.

Dick wrote a stand-pat platform for the g. o. p. campaign in Ohio this year.

Soninlaw Nick Longworth made a stand-pat speech as temporary chairman of the Columbus convention.

Burton made a stand-pat speech as permanent chairman of the Columbus convention.

Harding made a stand-pat speech at Cleveland three months before his nomination and has said since his nomination that he is not an insurgent and could not be one—although Senator Dolliver of Iowa gloried in the fact that he was an insurgent and "died in harness" trying to save the Republican party from stand-patting.

Every campaign speech made by Burton in Ohio was devoted to a defense of the Payne-Aldrich stand-pat tariff.

If you are a progressive Republican how can you expect to progress by following these leaders?

And why make a goat of Dick? He is neither better nor worse than the rest. If he was good enough to write a platform for all of them how can they turn him down if a Republican legislature is elected?

There is only one way to insure right. Beat all of them together, and be sure of beating Dick by electing Democratic Representatives and senators to the next legislature.

Do as the progressive Republicans did in Maine this year. Make it a clean sweep for Governor Harmon and HIS ENTIRE TICKET, including both branches of the legislature. The Republicans of Maine did this a month ago, for the first time in 63 years. DO IT RIGHT IN OHIO THIS TIME.

Ship Wrecked. Penzance, England, Nov. 7.—The steamship Wimborne has been wrecked on the rocks off Lands End. Her crew, consisting of twenty-seven men, were saved with great difficulty after suffering great exposure. No other details of the wreck have been received here.

## ROOSEVELT'S PLAIN LIES

Are Very Accurately And Succinctly Described by Governor Harmon

AND THE COLONEL IS STILL

Willing to Get Votes Crookedness as he Did in 1904.

He Makes Reckless Charges Without Investigation As

He Rattles Past—Morton Was Guilty Of Rebating And It Is A Matter Well Known to the Public—Harmon Denies All C. H. & D. Charges.

Sandusky, O., Nov. 5.—Characterizing Roosevelt's statements concerning himself as plain lies that a man in his position should be ashamed to utter without acquainting himself with the facts, Governor Harmon tonight to an immense audience that vociferously cheered his every utterance in short incisive sentences answered the charges of the ex-President made today at Toledo.

Governor Harmon said that Roosevelt's attempt to fool the people of Ohio by reckless statements as he rattled through the state, about their own business, concerning which they are fully informed and of which he knows nothing at all, would not fool the people.

The Governor arrived at Sandusky after a most strenuous day's campaigning, and was handed a stenographic copy of Mr. Roosevelt's speech at Toledo on his arrival here tonight.

Repeats Roosevelt's Attack. It was plain to be seen that the Governor keenly resented Roosevelt's attack and plunging at once into the subject uppermost in his thoughts, he said:

"I have just been handed a stenographic report of Mr. Roosevelt's speech at Toledo today, which appears to differ materially from some of the newspaper reports."

"With his usual recklessness he talks about matters of which he hasn't the slightest knowledge, and makes what can be only willful misstatements on matters with which he had to do himself. I have publicly said again and again that not a dollar of taxes was evaded nor a single rebate in any form paid while I was receiver of the C. H. & D. Railroad and my statement is corroborated by Mr. Thomas, the General Traffic Manager, and Captain Rifenberck, the officer in charge of the tax department and Morrison R. Waite, the solicitor of this road."

Repeats Falsehoods. "The statements to the contrary are downright lies connected by a legal satellite of George B. Cox for the purpose of repetition by my opponent, who has fully obeyed his master by retelling them on the stump, paying no notice to the facts stated by myself and the officers above named. He is quite willing to get the votes by false pretenses."

"As I was a Court officer with no interest whatever in the property, I had no motive to deprive the state of any lawful taxes and could not have done so if I had wished, as the case in which I was appointed is still kept open in Court to see that all obligations are paid."

"Mr. Roosevelt's word is not good enough to add anything but wider circulation to these lies and he ought to be ashamed to do that."

"The Government had obtained an injunction against the practice of rebating in which the Santa Fe Railroad Company was engaged."

Morton Favored Trusts. "The Interstate Commerce Commission after thorough investigation, reported that the railroad company had continued the practice in favor of the Colorado Fuel, Coal and Iron Company, one of the most offensive trusts in the country."

"As Paul Morton, then a member of Mr. Roosevelt's Cabinet, had been the head of the traffic department of the railroad during the period covered by the report, and the matter was the subject of much newspaper comment and criticism in Congress, Mr. Roosevelt appointed two Democratic lawyers, Mr. F. N. Johnson and myself, to investigate and report what course should be taken."

"After careful consideration and reading the evidence taken by the commission we advised that the injunction had been violated, the period of offense was two years, the rebates amounted to more than a million dollars and that both in law and in fact the officers in charge of the traffic department were responsible."

"We, therefore, recommended that a rule be taken requiring those officers to show cause why they should not be punished for contempt of the injunction. We did not recommend Mr. Morton or any officer, but recommended proceedings against them all alike."

"The President after much shilly-shallying delay and insistence on our proceeding against the corporation only and none of the officers, finally flatly refused to allow us to take any other course. We then both resigned because we considered that such a course would be a mere mockery of justice. In the connection 'we used the phrase, 'Guilt is always personal.'"

"Thereupon Mr. Roosevelt directed the Attorney-General to proceed against the corporation alone, and a subordinate in the Department of Justice was sent to meet the formidable array of counsel which such a company always puts forward. He managed the case so well that the Judge set aside his own injunction."

No Evidence Taken. "Not a particle of evidence was taken, yet the Judge went out of his way to whitewash Paul Morton. He was a Judge after Mr. Roosevelt's own heart. As soon as he had dealt out justice after this fashion the Judge went off to Florida in the private car of the attorney of the railroad company."

"Mr. Roosevelt and his attorney general thereupon exchanged felicitations by letter because the government had lost the case. Morton soon afterward resigned to become president of the Equitable Insurance company, and took with him as treasurer, at \$25,000 per year, the assistant attorney general, who had charge of the injunction suit when Mr. Johnson and I made our investigation and report."

"The full correspondence has been officially published, but Mr. Roosevelt did not care to consult it before talking about it. He always says what suits his purpose, and if this does not agree with the facts so much the worse for the facts."

"I should say in view of Mr. Roosevelt's suggestion that I had nothing whatever to do with Mr. Powell's telegram, and did not know of it till I saw it in the papers today."

Never Saw the Bill. "Mr. Roosevelt never saw the public utilities bill, yet denounces me for not helping pass it, without ever inquiring what the facts were."

"I did not recommend the appointment of any man of notorious character, or appoint one, either with or without an N. R. as is exposed. The man he doubtless has been told about was appointed by a Republican official without a suggestion even from me. I have so stated publicly, but this makes no difference with the colonel."

"The colonel's chief trouble seems to be that Mr. Morgan was the chief stockholder in the C. H. & D. railroad and his relations in that quarter do not seem to be so happy as they were when he agreed to and did wink a la Harding, at the open violation of the anti-trust law by the steel trust's purchase of its chief rival, the Tennessee Coal and Iron company."

Was a Court Officer. "It made no difference to me who he stockholders of the C. H. & D. railroad were. I was a court officer, sworn to do my duty toward all concerned, and I simply did it and nothing more."

"The colonel is concerned, too, about my salary as receiver during the short time the court insisted on my serving after I became governor. What does he think I should have done? At any rate, I have not charged personal bills at state expenses as he repeatedly did, which was one of the reasons why he was the costliest, as he was the noisiest, man who ever held the office he has held."

"The colonel evidently thinks he can deceive the electors by dashing off reckless statements as he rattles through the state at the very end of the campaign, but he can not fool the people of Ohio any of the time about their own business concerning which they are fully informed, and of which he knows nothing at all."

CLASH IS EXPECTED

Federal Authorities Will Take Hand In Oklahoma Election.

Guthrie, Okla., Nov. 7.—Preparations are making for a conflict between federal and state authorities at the election tomorrow over the enforcement of the new grandfather clause of the constitution of the state. Arrests under federal laws against conspiracy will follow attempts to prevent negroes who can read and write from voting. Federal Attorney John Embury's ruling that a negro's ballot must be accepted if he makes affidavit that he can read and write has been forwarded to federal commissioners with instructions to enforce the federal election laws. The federal authorities have jurisdiction because congressmen will be elected.

The state supreme court has decided the grandfather clause constitutional, and the secretary of the state board of elections has declared that the ballots of the negroes will be thrown out if they attempt to vote. Militia companies will be held in readiness. Fearing conflicts with federal officers, many election officials have resigned.

Pray In Vain For Rain.

Dallas, Tex., Nov. 7.—In all the principal churches of the Dallas diocese prayers were said for rain to break the drought and the water famine. However, no rain fell.

Chicago, Nov. 7.—"The story that Mrs. Belle Elmore Crippen, for whose murder her husband, Dr. H. H. Crippen, is condemned to hang in London, is hiding in or near Chicago, reminds me of the Dr. Crokin and Mrs. Belle Guinness case," said Police Lieutenant Sullivan, acting chief of detectives.

The department does not consider it necessary to interfere. It is regarded solely as a matter for the consideration of the British authorities. If the evidence that she is alive is sufficient, it is for them to make a search for her, or to determine, through persons who, as Tobin asserts, have communicated with her since the hunt for Crippen began, whether the woman is still alive.

Continued on Page Seven.

## EXECUTION OF DR. CRIPPEN

Postponed Until November 23, By Secretary Churchill of the Home Office.

BUT THE POSTPONEMENT WAS

Not Occasioned by the Story That Mrs. Crippen is Alive And

In Hiding And That Dr. Munyon Has Offered \$50,000 For Information

Leading to Her Discovery—Only Hope For Crippen is an Appeal to The Home Secretary—Not Likely to Interfere.

By United Press Wire. London, Nov. 7.—The date for the execution by hanging of Dr. H. H. Crippen, murderer of his wife, Belle Elmore, the music hall singer, was today postponed for two weeks or more. Though no definite date has been set, it is probable Crippen will die on Tuesday November 22. The originally fixed was tomorrow.

The postponement was ordered officially by the home office, which is taken by many to indicate that Home Secretary Winston Churchill will at least give the case a thorough hearing before he allows Crippen to go to the gallows. Later in the day it was semi-officially announced that the execution would take place on Wednesday November 23 unless the home secretary should decide to grant a commutation or pardon to the wife murderer.

At Scotland Yard it was said that the postponement of the execution had nothing to do with the Philadelphia report that Mrs. Crippen is alive and hiding as the result of a mendacious plot to send her husband to death. The authorities declared that they had not heard of the rumor, nor had they heard of the offer of Dr. Munyon, the Philadelphia patent medicine manufacturer to pay \$50,000 for information leading to the discovery of Belle Elmore alive.

Solicitor Newton, who has represented Crippen ever since the latter was arrested at Father Point, Quebec in England with the other lawyers in inflicting a petition to Home Secretary Winston Churchill, asking either that he grant an unconditional pardon to Crippen or that he commute the sentence to life imprisonment. Acting in the King's name, the home secretary is now the only official who has the power to save Crippen from the gallows. While it is believed Churchill will investigate the case thoroughly, it is hardly likely he will interfere to save the prisoner. It is against precedent in England for the home secretary to interfere when a jury has found a prisoner guilty and the court of criminal appeal has sustained the verdict. Unless, therefore, Crippen's lawyers can bring to light a great deal of hitherto unrecalled evidence, it is believed the American will die on November 22.

In some quarters it is said the postponement was due to the ancient English custom which allows a prisoner two Sundays on earth between the final hearing of his case and the date of execution. Crippen was allowed two Sundays between his original trial and the date fixed.

Crippen was overjoyed when the high sheriff informed him of the postponement. "I believe that something will yet intervene to prove my innocence," he declared. The condemned man was cautioned against letting his hopes mount too high.

Washington, Nov. 7.—Believed of the necessity of immediate action by the postponement of the hanging of Dr. H. H. Crippen for two weeks, the state department will probably suggest that any evidence that Belle Elmore Crippen his supposed victim is still alive as is reported by Francis Tracy Tobin, a Philadelphia lawyer, he laid before the British consul at Philadelphia.

The department does not consider it necessary to interfere. It is regarded solely as a matter for the consideration of the British authorities. If the evidence that she is alive is sufficient, it is for them to make a search for her, or to determine, through persons who, as Tobin asserts, have communicated with her since the hunt for Crippen began, whether the woman is still alive.

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